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NISTTech

Dimensional Reference Phantom for X-Ray CT's & MRI's

Inexpensive dimensional reference phantom for medical CT and MRI

Description

This invention is an inexpensive dimensional reference phantom for medical Computed Tomography (CT) and Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI). CT and MRI scans provide anatomical images of the body that can be used to measure a patient's response to cancer therapy by measuring changes in tumor size. The NIST phantom reduces measurement errors due to variations in the observation conditions.

For CT imaging, the NIST phantom consists of a set of 3 spheres for 2D (a 1D version requires 2 spheres; a 3D version requires 4 spheres) spaced by precise plastic spacers. The sizing reference phantom is placed adjacent to a patient during scanning. The Difference between the centroids of the spheres gives an accurate scale of length permitting a precise determination of tumor size.

For MRI, the NIST phantom serves as a dimensional reference using either "positive space" or "negative space." In either case, several spheres are spaced by known distances and the centroids of the spheres are found. The "positive space" implementation is a direct adaptation of the previous CT invention described above. For the "negative space" implementations, a structure with well-defined definitions is placed in a box of water. To enhance contrast, an appropriate contrast-enhancing agent such as the chelate diethylenetraminepentacetic acid (DTPA) with Gd3+ is added.

Images



Applications

Cancer treatment

Allows doctors to know the precise size of tumors

CT and MRI's

Scales objects (tumors or growths) in 1D, 2D, and 3D CT and MRI images

Advantages

Reduced Errors

Maintains an accurate size of a tumor even if the images are taken at different scales

Inexpensive

Affordable and reusable

Simple

Extremely simple to use, just place beside the patient during the scan

Compact

The Phantom is roughly 3.5 cm long

Abstract

The invention is a system for obtaining a dimensional reference within a CT image. The system consists of a set of 3 spheres (for 2D; aID version would use 2 spheres; a 3D version would require 4 spheres) with a precise spacing. The material of the spheres is chosen to have x-ray absorption properties somewhat near bone. (In terms of Hounsfield units, about $+500 \, \text{HU}$ to $+1200 \, \text{HU}$ is useful; on this scale, bone is $+1000 \, \text{HU}$, water is 0 HU, and air is $-1000 \, \text{HU}$. Said otherwise, the attenuation length of the material should be about 2/3 to 40% of water.) The spheres need to be precisely round on the scale of a CT pixel which is typically 0.33

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mm. We have found reasonably priced commercial spheres with tolerances of $0.0254\ mm$.

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Citations

1. Z.H. Levine; S. Grantham, A.P. Reeves, D.S. Sawyer, D.F. Yankelevitz. A low-cost fiducial reference phantom for computed tomography. Journal of Research of the National Institute of Standards and Technology. Nov-Dec 2008.

References

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Status of Availability

This invention is available for licensing.

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